

WINE AND  
SPIRIT  
MERCHANT.  
CHALON & CO.  
MAKERS  
OF  
FRENCH  
PRESERVES  
IMPORTERS  
QUEEN'S ROAD.

# The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

St. GEORGE'S  
BUILDING  
DISS BROS.  
Tailors.

No. 13,517.

號一月八年六零百九千一英

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1906.

日二十月六年午丙

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month

## GERMAN BEER.

Large Stock on Hand of  
**AUGUSTINER BRAU**  
AND THE CELEBRATED  
**KULMBACHER BIER.**  
Per Case of 6 doz. ptes. \$18.00.  
Per Case of 4 doz. qts. \$18.00.  
**MACWEN, FRICKEL & CO.,**  
1815 3, DUDDELL STREET.

Intimations.

## WHO'S WHO

IN THE  
**FAR EAST.**

THE  
ONLY BOOK OF REFERENCE

WHICH GIVES  
BIOGRAPHIES

OF THE  
PROMINENT MEN OF  
THE FAR EAST

IS NOW IN SALE

Price ... \$10.

FORWARDED TO ANY ADDRESS.

OBTAINABLE FROM THE PUBLISHERS—  
S. QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong.

Hongkong, July 10, 1906.



MAGISTRACY.

NO. 638.—A MEETING OF HIS  
MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE  
PEACE will be held at the Magistrate's  
Court, at 2.15 P.M., on FRIDAY, the 3rd August,  
1906, for the purpose of considering the  
following application under the Liquor  
Licences Ordinance, 1898, viz:—  
To transfer from one FREDERICK ED-  
WARD ORAN to STEPHEN CLARKE  
the Publican's Licence to sell by re-  
tail intoxicating liquors on premises  
numbered 38 and 39, Praya East,  
under the sign of the 'PRAYA EAST  
HOTEL.'  
H. H. J. GOMPERTZ,  
Police Magistrate.

Hongkong, July 28, 1906. 1499

THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND  
BUILDINGS ORDINANCE  
COMMISSION.

TAKE NOTICE that a Commission has  
been appointed to enquire into and  
report on the following matters viz:—  
1. Whether the administration of the  
Sanitary and Building Regulations  
enacted by the Public Health and  
Buildings Ordinance, 1903, as now  
carried out is satisfactory, and if not,  
what improvements can be made.  
2. Whether any irregularity or corrup-  
tion exists or has existed among the  
officials charged with the adminis-  
tration of the aforesaid Regulation.  
The Commission earnestly invites the  
inhabitants of Hongkong and Kowloon to  
co-operate with them by forwarding any  
complaint they may have to make or sug-  
gestion to offer in connection with the  
matters aforesaid to the undersigned.  
Any person examined as a witness in the  
enquiry aforesaid who in the opinion of the  
Commissioners makes a full and true dis-  
closure touching all the matters in respect  
of which he is examined will receive a  
certificate from the Commission which will  
protect the witness against any civil or  
criminal proceedings which may be insti-  
tuted against such witness in respect of  
any matter touching which he has been  
examined.  
By Order,  
W. BOWEN-BOWLANDS,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, July 7, 1906. 1831

## 'THE CITOPHONE.'

A HOUSE TELEPHONE.

CAN be fitted to existing Electric Bells.  
No Extra fittings needed. As clear  
and distinct as an Ordinary Telephone.  
Best Telephone for PRIVATE HOUSES,  
HOTELS, BOARDING HOUSES, OFFICES, HO-  
SPITALS, etc., etc. Prices very moderate.  
Can be inspected at the Office of the  
Sole Agents:  
**LUTGENS, EISMANN & CO.,**  
No. 2, PEDDER STREET.  
Hongkong, February 5, 1906. 1830

## CAMPBELL, MOORE & CO.,

LIMITED.  
JUST RECEIVED NEW  
**POWDER,  
PERFUMERIES, SOAPS,  
HAIR FRAMES,  
HAIR PINS,**  
&c., &c., &c.

## Business Notices.

### W. S. BAILEY & CO. ENGINEERS & SHIPBUILDERS.

WORKS:  
KOWLOON BAY.

OFFICES & STORES:  
No. 20, CONNAUGHT ROAD.

### HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND  
MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA  
NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

#### Hongkong-Canton Line.

s.s. HONAM, 2,383 tons, Captain H. D. Jones.  
s.s. POWAN, 2,338 tons, Captain W. A. Valentine.  
s.s. FATSHAN, 2,280 tons, Captain R. D. Thomas.  
s.s. HANKOW, 3,073 tons, Captain C. V. Lloyd.  
s.s. KINSHAN, 1,965 tons, Captain J. J. Lossius.  
Departures from Hongkong to Canton daily at 8.30 a.m. (Sunday Excepted), 9 p.m.  
and 10.30 p.m. (Saturday Excepted).  
Departures from Canton to Hongkong daily at 8.30 a.m., 3.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.  
(Sunday excepted).  
These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the  
River. Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation.

#### Hongkong-Macao Line.

s.s. HEUNGSHAN, 1,988 tons, Captain G. F. Morrison, R.N.R.  
Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at 2 p.m., except when otherwise  
notified by Express.  
Special Excursions, leaving Hongkong at 9.30 a.m., on Sunday, the 5th and Monday,  
the 6th August. Also a second departure on Monday, at 7 p.m., for Macao.  
Departures from Macao to Hongkong on week days at 8 a.m. On Saturdays a second  
departure about 7 p.m. On Sunday, the 5th, and Monday, the 6th August, at  
3 p.m. (See Special Express).  
There will be no departure from Macao on Monday, the 6th August, at 8 a.m., and no  
departure from Hongkong at 2 p.m.

#### Canton-Macao Line.

s.s. LUNGSHAN, 219 tons, Captain T. Hamlin.  
This steamer leaves Canton for Macao every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at  
8 a.m., and leaves Macao for Canton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7.30 a.m.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE H.K., C. AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVA-  
TION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

#### Canton-Wuchow Line.

s.s. SAINAM, 588 tons, Captain J. Wilcox.  
s.s. NANNING, 569 tons, Captain C. Butcher.  
One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday  
and Friday at about 8 a.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days  
at 8.30 a.m. Round trips take about five days. These vessels have Superior Cabin  
accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity.  
Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the:—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HOTEL MANSIONS, (First Floor), opposite the Hongkong Hotel.

Or of BUTTERFIELD AND SWIRE.

Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

## STAG HOTEL.

148, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL, MOST CENTRALLY SITUATED;  
WELL FURNISHED AND AIRY BEDROOMS.  
Monthly Boarders accommodated on very Moderate Terms.  
For Particulars, apply to  
THE MANAGER. 1885

### N. LAZARUS,

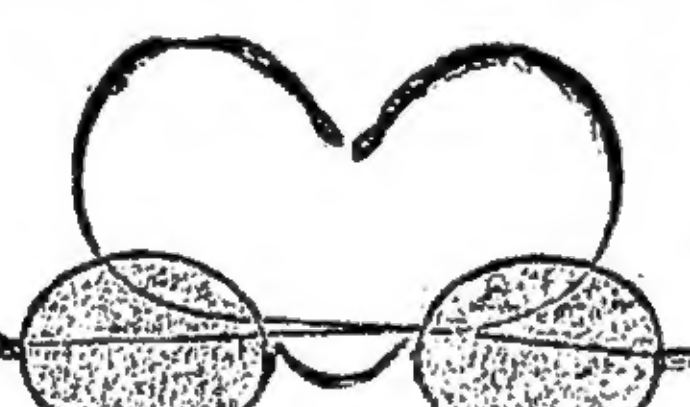
OPTICIAN.

No. 5, PEDDER

STREET

(UNDER HONGKONG

HOTEL).



SIGHT TESTED  
FREE  
LENSES GRIND.  
REPAIRS  
A SPECIALITY.

### Tailors.

R. HOUGHTON,

NAVAL, AMILITARY AND CIVIL

TAILOR.

16, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, June 8, 1906. 1190

### SPLENDID PHOTOGRAPHS,

PRINCE T'SAI TSE

Leaving Blauk Pier, on his way to Govern-

ment House, may be had from:

MEI CHEUNG, Photographer,

108 HOUSE LANE.

Hongkong, July 12, 1906. 1587

### NOTICE.

M. A. D. BARRETTO having left our  
employ, ceases to sign our Firm  
per Procuration from this date.  
J. G. J. & CO.  
Hongkong, July 31, 1906. 1611

### 'JANUS'

LIFE & ANNUITY INSURANCE CO.,

HAMBURG.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

Assets per 31st December, 1904.

Mks. 53,400,000—equal to £2,600,000.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having been  
appointed GENERAL AGENTS of the  
above Company for Hongkong and  
China, are prepared to accept LIFE and  
ANNUITY INSURANCES, as well as to  
issue ACCIDENT POLICIES at the most  
liberal terms ever offered in the East.  
SIEMSEN & CO.

### 'REMINISCENCES OF INTERPORT'

ORIENT.

By J. A. L.

Reprinted from the 'China Mail' in

Pamphlet Form.

To be had at the 'China Mail' Office,

5, WYNDHAM STREET.

Price ... 50 Cents.

### CHIEF WING & CO.

28 & 29 LEE YUEN STREET (WEST)

HONGKONG.

DEALERS IN

ALL SORTS OF COPPER, BRASS, STEEL,

IRON WARE, &c.

STEEL GIRDERS AND TEES,

CORRUGATED IRON, PIG IRON, &c.,

Suitable for

SHIPS, ENGINEERS AND HOUSE BUILDERS.

1527

## CARLTON HOUSE HOTELS,

No. 8 and 10, Ice House Road.

EXCELLENT FURNISHED ROOMS.

COMFORT OF RESIDENTS AND THE CUISINE A SPECIALITY.

FOR TERMS APPLY TO THE MANAGER. 804

### OARMICHAEL AND

CLARKE,

CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND

SHIPBUILDERS.

SURVEYORS AND CONTRACTORS.

REPAIRS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

TELEGRAMS: 'OARMICHAEL' HONGKONG;

A. B. O. Code, 4th Edition

A. 1 Code.

Lieber's Standard Code.

TELEPHONE, 232. 568

### THE BACK DOOR.

A SKETCH OF WHAT MIGHT

HAPPEN.

Reprinted from the 'China Mail'

To be had at the 'China Mail' Office,

5, WYNDHAM STREET.

Price ... \$1.00.

## Business Notices.

### BELL'S ASBESTOS EASTERN AGENCY, LIMITED

(SOLE AGENTS FOR BELL'S ASBESTOS CO., LTD., LONDON).

#### BELL'S ASBESTOS

THE  
MOST  
RELIABLE  
PACKING  
FOR  
DAGGER  
PACKING  
MARINE  
ENGINES.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. SOLE MANUFACTURERS:  
BELL'S ASBESTOS CO., LTD., LONDON.

LARGE STOCK OF PACKINGS, JOINTINGS, &c., ALWAYS IN HAND.  
OFFICE:—8, DES VŒUX ROAD.

### LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

A 5 or 10 Catty Box con-  
stitutes one of the most  
acceptable Presents to those  
at Home.



### LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. ARE NOW BOOKING ORDERS FOR THE ABOVE SPECIALLY-BLENDED FOOCHOW TEA.

PRICES:  
Including Freight, Duty and Delivery to any address in the United Kingdom.  
Per 10 Catty Box, \$17.50. Per 5 Catty Box, \$10.00.

### THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

UNRIVALLED FOR COMFORT AND CUISINE.  
THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE WITH EVERY MODERN LUXURY  
MODERATE TERMS AND NO EXTRA.  
H. HAYNES, Manager

## CHAMPAGNES

FROM ...

CHARLES HEIDSIECK.

PURVEYOR TO HIS MAJESTY KING EDWARD.

SIEMSEN & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA AND JAPAN. 450

Hongkong, March 2, 1906.

### THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER.

VISIBILITY.

SIMPLICITY.

DURABILITY.

UNRIVALLED FOR DUPLICATING.

WRITING IN SIGHT.

UNIVERSAL KEYBOARD.

GRANT & LESLIE,

GENERAL AGENTS

FOR HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA.

Hongkong, April 21, 1906. 728

14, DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL.

## Business Notices.

### GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

## PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net, \$4.75 per Cask, ex Factory.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net, \$2.80 per Bag, ex Factory.

### Shewan, Tomes & Co.,

GENERAL MANAGERS.

255

## FAIRALL & CO.

### CLEARANCE SALE

## FURTHER REDUCTIONS.

GOODS MUST BE CLEARED REGARDLESS OF PRICE

7 AND 9, PEDDER STREET.

### HOTEL BALTIMORE

LATE HOTEL AMERICA

2, WYNDHAM STREET.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL under European Management. NICELY FURNISHED.

AIRY ROOMS. EVERY COMFORT FOR RESIDENTS AND TOURISTS.

EXCELLENT CUISINE. Three minutes' walk from the Ferry Wharf.

TERMS REASONABLE. Apply to THE MANAGER. 1151

## VICTORIA DISPENSARY

SOLE AGENTS FOR

### V. R. O. LIQUEUR WHISKY

(Square Bottles) per doz. \$15.

### 'NESTOR' DISINFECTING FLUID

In 1 Gallon and 5 Gallon Tins.

## REMINGTON

## TYPEWRITERS

WITH ALL REQUISITES.

SIEMSEN & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS.

Hongkong, March 2, 1906. 449

### LEE LOONG & CO.,

FURNITURE STORE.

No. 14, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

(Next Door to H. PRICE & Co.)

ALL Kinds of FURNITURE, CARVED (ANTON) BLACKWOOD, CROCKERY and Glass.

WARE KITCHEN UTENSILS, etc., etc.

AT MODERATE PRICES. 179

### W. BREWER & CO

23 and 25, QUEEN'S ROAD.

ROYAL ACADEMY PICTURES, in 5 Parts ... \$2.50.

PICTURES OF THE YEAR '06. 70 Cents.

### NEW STOCK

HAND-COLORED POST CARDS \$1.00 Per Doz. PLAIN 50 Cts. Per Doz.

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES. VIKING NAVY CUT.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

BLICKENSBERGER TYPEWRITER

\$85.00 and \$125.00 EACH. NEW STOCK.

## 'ROSBACH'

### 'EMPRESS OF TABLE WATERS.'

MIXES EXCELLENTLY WITH SPIRITS.

SOLE AGENTS:

Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co.,

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

16 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.



## Intimations.

**G. FALCONER & Co.,**WATCH-MAKERS AND JEWELLERS.  
HOTEL MANSIONS.NEW SELECTIONS OF  
DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE.  
HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.  
GARGE SELECTION OF PRESENTATION PLATE, CUPS, BOWLS, ETC.  
G. FALCONER & Co. ARE AGENTS FOR ROSS'S FAMOUS TELESCOPES AND  
BINOCULARS, LORD KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,  
ADMIRALTY CHARTS AND BOOKS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER.

**MIYAKO HOTEL,**  
KYOTO, JAPAN.

A NEW AND STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

**M. MUMEYA,**

JAPANESE ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER

ENLARGEMENTS ON BROMIDE PAPER

AND FINISHED IN OIL.

ALL KINDS OF WORK DONE FOR AMATEURS.

4, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

**WILKS and JACK.**

MAINTENANCE AND ELECTRICAL SHOWROOMS

HONGKONG ROAD HONGKONG

AND ALL BUILDINGS AND ELECTRICAL PLANT

SOLE AGENTS FOR

**THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., LD.**

LONDON

Electric Fittings.

Table Lamps.

Brackets.

'Freezer' Fan

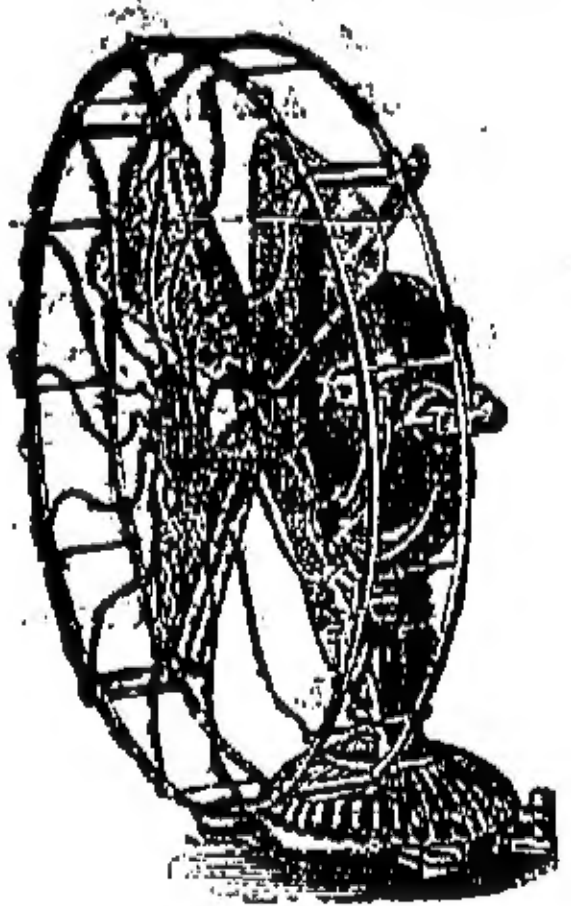
Motors.

Electric Lamps

Fruited and Clear

ECONOMICAL

BRITISH MANUFACTURE.



TELEPHONE 38

Hongkong, July 23, 1906.

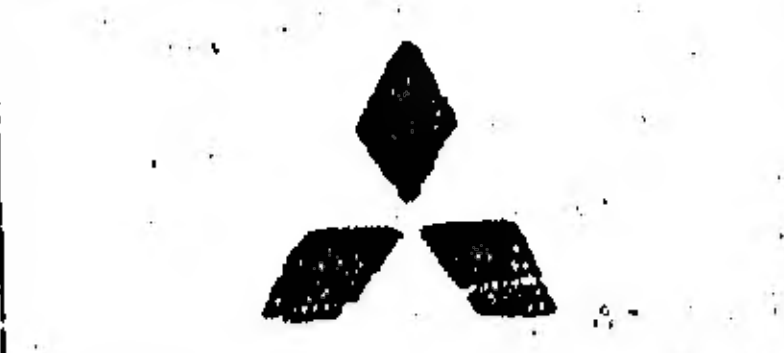
You will enjoy

your cocoa if you use

**van Houten's**It is a pure soluble cocoa with  
a delicious natural flavour, and  
is as delightful to the taste as it  
is beneficial to health.

Best &amp; goes farthest.

## Intimations.

**MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA**  
(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT

MARUNO-UCHI, TOKIO.

CABLE ADDRESS: 'IWASAKI'

Which applies to all Branch Offices.

At A B C 6th Edition, Western Union

Codes used.

All Letters Addressed:—

MANAGER, MITSU BISHI CO.,

with name of place under.

BRANCH OFFICES:—

NAGASAKI, MOI, KODE, KARATSU,

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG AND HANKOW.

AGENCIES:—

YOKOHAMA: M. ASADA, Esq.

OHIOKIANG: Messrs GEARING &amp; Co.

MANILA: Messrs MACDONALD &amp; Co.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of Takasima,

Ochi Shinnaw, Nanzatsu and Kani-

Yamada Collieries and also Hojo Colliery,

which will shortly be ready to produce on a

large scale the best Bazin Coal.

The Head and Branch Offices and the

Agencies of the Company will receive any

order for Coals produced from the above

collieries.

T. MATSUKI, Manager, Hongkong,

No. 2, PEDDER STREET.

Hongkong, April 25, 1906.

816

CORNELL &amp; MANNERS

PRACTICAL ELECTRICIANS.

GOLD, SILVER AND NICKEL

ELECTRO-PLATERS.

ELECTRIC BELLS

SUPPLIED, INSTALLED, REPAIRED AND

MAINTAINED.

87, PRAYA EAST, HONGKONG.

All Work under expert European

Supervision.

Hongkong, July 21, 1906.

1460

HONGKONG HIGH-LEVEL TRAM

WAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

(IN LIQUIDATION)

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 7.30 a.m. Every 30 minutes

7.30 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes

8.00 a.m. to 8.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes

8.30 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes

9.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes

11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.15 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.00 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.00 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.00 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.30 p.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.00 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.30 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.00 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.00 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.00 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.00 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.00 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.00 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.30 p.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.00 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.30 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.00 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.00 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.00 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.00 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.00 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.00 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.30 p.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.00 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.30 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.00 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.00 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.00 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.00 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.00 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.00 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.30 p.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.00 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.30 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.00 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.00 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.00 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.00 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.00 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.00 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.30 p.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.00 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.30 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.00 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.00 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.00 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.00 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.00 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.00 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.30 p.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.00 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.30 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.00 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

2.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

3.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.00 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

4.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

6.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.00 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

7.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

8.30 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.00 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

9.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.00 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

10.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.00 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

11.30 p.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.00 p.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

12.30 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes

1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p







## BY TELEGRAPH.

## BOUND FOR EGYPT.

## PRECAUTIONARY STEPS TAKEN.

(Exclusive Service, supplied by Reuters, via Bombay.)

LONDON, July 31. In the House of Commons, Mr. Haldane, Secretary for War, announced that the third battalion of the Coldstream Guards would leave England for Egypt on September 9. Mr. Walter Runciman, Secretary of the Local Government Board, stated that in future the strength of the garrison in Egypt would be about 6700 men.

## A FAMOUS COMEDIAN.

## J. L. TOOLE DEAD.

(Exclusive Service, supplied by Reuters, via Bombay.)

LONDON, July 31. John Lawrence Toole, the well-known Comedian, is dead.

[J. L. Toole was one of the most famous of English comedians. He was the youngest son of J. Toole, the celebrated Toast-maker; was educated in the City of London School and started life as a clerk in a wine merchant's office. In 1852 he adopted the stage as a profession and since then has appeared in almost every theatre in the United Kingdom. He has also toured the United States, Australia and New Zealand, and for many years was the lessee and manager of Toole's Theatre, London.—Ed., C. M.]

## BRITISH ARMY REFORM.

## The Guards Affected.

LONDON, July 30. The men of the third battalion of the Scots Guards will be divided among the first and second battalions; recruiting for the regiment will not be stopped. The standard height of the Irish and Scots Guards has been raised to 5 ft. 6 in.

## GAMBLING IN THE STRAITS.

LONDON, July 30. Lord Elgin intends to review the regulations for gambling in the gaming houses of the Malay States when more pressing business is accomplished.

## RUSSIA.

## Labour's Appeal.

LONDON, July 30. The proclamation of the Labour and the Socialist members of the Duma passionately appeals to the soldiers and sailors, as children of the Russian people, to fight on the side of the Duma for liberty and the land.

## A Warning.

Mr. J. B. Sutor, speaking in Sydney:—If they continued in Australia the policy of restriction, they need not be surprised if it was decided in China to boycott all their Australian products. That was going to happen as sure as the sun was rising in the East, if they did not alter matters. The feeling in China to-day concerning Australia represented a smouldering volcano. China was a country that no nation in the world could afford to ignore. They were about the most peaceful people living, and possessed probably the richest country in the world.

## Heavy Penalty For Squeezing.

In Canton (says the *Nang-fan-pao*) the beggars and the Magistrate's servants enjoy a prescriptive right to exact some money from any shop-keeper who might open a new shop, especially a pawn-broker's shop, as pawnbrokers there are regarded by the people as Chinese Skylocks. Recently when a new pawn-broker's shop, named Fu Shang, was opened near the Ching Fung bridge, a vast number of these beggars and Magistrate's servants were there demanding exorbitant sums from the pawn-broker. As the pawn-broker had paid their license fee to the Government, they of course, refused to pay the sum demanded and reported the matter to the police, who arrested twenty-one of the beggars, and brought them before the Nam Hai Magistrate for trial. Four of them were discharged, but two of them, who were the Nam Hai Magistrate's braves, were sentenced to be beheaded, and the rest of them who were servants of the Magistrate, were sentenced to be put in stocks for three months in front of this pawn-shop.

A GOOD RULE FOR THE HOME. MAKE it one of your regular habits to keep Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in your home as a safeguard against a sudden attack of bowel complaint. It is certain to be needed sooner or later, and when that time comes it will be needed badly. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.

has advocated a very simple, and it is hoped and believed that it will be very effective. The leaders have formed themselves into a party and have pledged themselves that neither they nor their sons will in the future marry small-footed girls. It is said that this only is the way to reach the root of the question, and that if small-footed girls are left in their parents' homes unsought, there will at once be a change which will be radical and effective. Everybody knows that in China marriage is the only prospect open to Chinese maidens, and if the youths will not marry them; they must be "left on the shelf." It would, of course, be easy to wax humorous on the position, and depict the youths of China wretched and weeping because their fathers, who themselves have small-footed wives, would not procure partners for them. Equally easy would it be to depict the girls restless in the homes of their parents with little to do, and less to eat, wondering what they were coming to. But when all has been said it is certain that if there should be any appreciable number of fathers and young men who join this league, and adhere to its provisions, then there would be a great step taken in the right direction, and foot-binding would, in no very long time, become a thing of the past. This then is the course about to be adopted by the leaders of this movement, and in their manifesto they have themselves declared that they will have nothing to do with such maidens, and at the same time they have pledged themselves to do all they can to induce the teachers of the new Hok Tong to teach these views and induce those under their direction to accept them as the guiding beacon by which they will steer. One line of the bye laws says "We will not only urge and advise, we will despise and ridicule. In that case mothers will not dare to follow the customs of the past and the results will be immediate and solid." There is no doubt that the enthusiasts have hit the nail on the head, and if they can be induced to follow their own rules and work hard to induce others to accept the same position they will succeed. It is the hope of getting a better class of husband which has forced many a mother to crush the feet of her infant girl, and so made her miserable for life. It has been true in the past that no maiden with natural feet has had any chance of getting "well married." On the other hand, it has not always followed that when the daughter of a coolie has been small-footed she has secured for herself a well-to-do husband; in that case she has been made heir to a cruel heritage for having to do the drudgery of life she has been rendered unfit for moving about from the first, and so every small duty has been a burden to all concerned.

As we get on in years we find that many of the old adages which we believed in so implicitly in our youth are founded upon anything but fact. "Honour among thieves" is a case in point. It has always been supposed that the one redeeming feature about criminals was the way in which they stuck to each other. That fallacy is exposed by some disclosures recently made by a detective. He showed that in almost every instance in which arrests took place as a result of "information received" the information was sent by one of the criminal's supposed friends. The life of a "mark," as the criminals call an informer, is not a very happy one however. Many a man has been done to death in some low haunt on the mere suspicion that he has been working in with the police. The expedients of high finance are not altogether unknown to the criminal fraternity. The detective already mentioned tells a story of how a notorious felon once boasted to him how he had "taken down" his accomplices in a burglary. The "swag" consisted of jewellery worth over £1,000, and he was deputed to dispose of them to a receiver in Amsterdam, where such gentry are numerous. His confederates did not trust him, entirely, for they stipulated that he should bring the receiver's written word as to the price. As the in-

genious burglar put it. "The fence" offered four centuries' odds for the "sparks," but I told 'im to put down three, an' we split the difference." So that the receiver got the stone for three hundred and fifty and the dishonest seller made fifty pounds by the bargain.

Just at this moment when the air is filled with announcements of army retrenchment an article "Lieutenant-Colonel Pollock on 'Our Auxiliary Forces,' in the *Contemporary Review*, is of particular interest. The writer deplores the numerical weakness of the British army at present, and suggests a complete scheme for remodeling the militia. "The utmost that we could do at present," he writes, "with regular troops would be to have one fairly good army corps ready for embarkation within a fortnight after the order to mobilise, a second about a fortnight later, and a third after a further interval of about three weeks." The meaning of this statement by an expert can be gauged by remembering that Germany could mobilise an army of 500,000 trained troops practically in a day, and could probably fling them upon the French frontier in 48 hours. Lieutenant-Colonel Pollock proposes that Great Britain by enlisting 25,000 recruits annually for eight years' service with the colours and four years in the reserve, should maintain a general service army of 170,000 men at home and abroad inclusive of India, with a reserve of 175,000. He shows how, in addition, a militia army for home service only, except in national emergency, might be raised to a strength of 485,000 of all ranks. The duties of the volunteers he considers should be restricted to coastal defence. Better conditions for militia service, and a guarantee of subsequent employment for the well-conducted soldier would, he believes, enable the ranks of the militia to be filled.

LOCAL AND COAST NEWS.

The English and French Mails of the 29th and 30th June were delivered in London on the 28th July.

A Volunteer Church Parade will be held on Sunday week, when His Lordship the Bishop will preach.

At last meeting of the General Chamber of Commerce a letter was read from the Governor of California expressing appreciation of the sympathy sent when the San Francisco disaster occurred.

A telegram from Tokyo, published by a vernacular contemporary to-day, states that the Japanese Government is much concerned at the sentence of death being passed upon General Stoessel. Indirectly the Japanese Government has made known to the Russian Government that it believes that the unfortunate officer did his duty as a soldier, and hopes that the extreme penalty will not be carried out.

Discretion.

A Chinaman, who was charged with robbery, at the Magistracy, this morning, evidently knew something of the ways of the weaker sex. His explanation of the abrupt ending of a quarrel he had with the woman who charged him was that he met the woman in the street and she commenced to abuse him. After a while he went away as he knew he would be at a disadvantage if he quarrelled with a woman.

"Camphorine" Disinfectant.

In another column appears an advertisement for a new disinfectant, "Camphorine," which has been introduced into the Colony by Messrs. Rumjahn and Company. We are informed that the Chinese are reluctant to use the disinfectants now sold in the Colony on account of the smell, which they consider causes them to be ill. "Camphorine" is a product of the Sanitary Dry Line Company, and being a preparation of eucalyptus has an agreeable smell. "The Government Journal" speaks of "Camphorine" as a high-class manufacture, highly efficacious.

The *Globe* records the following incident:—A case of assault was brought against the landlord of a provincial public-house by four itinerant musicians. They had, it seems, just entered the bar and struck up the opening notes of "Home, Sweet Home," when the landlord appeared on the scene and ejected them with quite unnecessary violence. The landlord pleaded that he was merely returning their attentions. He was, he said, beating four in a bar.

But did the policeman on the beat arrive in time, with his baton, to conduct the landlord from his home, sweet home to the lock-up? In the vernacular of Mark Twain, the guardian of the law probably played his part in that villain's soon after.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

THIS is a perfectly reliable medicine for all bowel complaints, and one that has never been known to fail even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.

BIRTH.

YOUNG.—On July 26, 1906, at 515, Burkill Road, Shanghai, the wife of Mr. LIAM YOUNG, of a Son.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Auctions.

11 a.m.—Auction of Ladies' Underwear, and Dress Material, &c., at Mr. Geo. P. Lammer's Sales Rooms.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Miscellaneous Furniture & Goods, at Mr. F. Kiene's Sales Rooms.

General Memoranda.

FRIDAY, August 3:—3 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, at No. 1, Morrison Hill.

2.15 p.m.—Meeting of His Majesty's Justices of Peace at Magistracy.

SATURDAY, August 4:—Register of Shavers of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation close from this date to 18th August, inclusive.

MONDAY, August 6:—Transfer Books of Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., close from this date to 20th August inclusive.

Goods per *Arna* undelivered after this date subject to rent.

Goods per *Beverich* undelivered after this date subject to rent.

TUESDAY, August 7:—Goods per *Saint George* undelivered after this date subject to rent.

TUESDAY, August 14:—Noon—Meeting of Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd., at Co.'s Office.

3 p.m.—Auction of Leasehold Property, at Messrs. Hughes & Hough's Sales Rooms.

SATURDAY, August 18:—Noon—Meeting of Shareholders of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, at the City Hall.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1906.

ANTI-FOOTBINDING PRO PAGANDA.

THE Societies which have been established in Shanghai and in Hankow for the suppression of infant footbinding in China have, it appears, influenced the people of the South more than would at first sight appear. Under Mrs. Little's energetic and wise direction, much has been done in Central China, and many of the high officials have shown their sympathy with the movement and have at times rendered monetary assistance. We are not concerned here with the principle which some might be inclined to maintain that, if the Chinese like to allow the feet of their female infants to be crushed when they are small, they should be allowed to follow their own views, and not be interfered with. Everybody knows that the custom is cruel beyond words, and at the same time must be detrimental to the health and therefore to the well-being of one half of the nation. This the Chinese themselves are beginning to see, and apparently it needed but some one to point out this fact and to emphasize it, when, theoretically at any rate it would be acknowledged. There is now a native Society at work in the Kwangtung province and the manifesto which the leaders have issued lies before us. It is characterized by sanity, and moderation. It points out that the eclipse which the Reform party met with in 1900 did much to discourage those who were wishful to see footbinding condemned. The swing round to the old forms of Government, and the old essays, also flung the minds of the Conservative party, and the useless scholars, back towards the old custom in regard to footbinding. When, however, it was determined on the dawn of better days to establish girls' schools it was thought that there would be at once a revolt on the part of the women against this cruel practice. This, however, has been found not to be altogether so general as was anticipated. Then, further, when newspapers were published the same hopes were entertained but it has been found that newspapers in China, as in England, do not always carry everything before them. Some statistics have recently been taken, according to our authority, and it has been discovered that among the women of to-day, rather among the girls, of every 100 about 70 have small feet and 30 enjoy the privileges of natural feet. This result has therefore appeared somewhat disappointing. It has seemed to those who have taken up this matter that more drastic measures must be adopted and the policy which this new Society

PARIS TOILET CO.

13, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,

Under Connaught House.

JUST RECEIVED

ANTISEPTIC BLOC.

NO MORE PIMPLES OR IRRITATION after SHAVING, this preparation will be found very useful for Gentlemen who shave themselves.

SUBSCRIPTION FOR SHAVING, etc. TAKEN BY THE MONTH.

ALL KINDS OF HAIR WORK DONE.

Hongkong, April 25, 1906. 451



A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

BULL DOG BRAND LIGHT ALE

IN QUARTS, PINTS AND SPLITS.

This ALE, brewed expressly for ROBERT PORTER & CO., LTD., is bottled under a Special System which enables the best Characteristics of a Good ENGLISH ALE to be combined with Extreme Lightness of Character and a practical FREEDOM from SEDIMENT—a result hitherto deemed unattainable.

Per Case of 4 Doz. Quarts. \$18.00

" 8 " Pints. 24.00

" 12 " Splits. 27.00

Per Dozen Quarts. 4.50

" Pints 3.00

" Splits 2.40

SOLE AGENTS:

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, July 25, 1906.

The SAVOY, LIMITED.

GREAT REDUCTIONS in OUR GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT.

FOUR DAYS ONLY.

WEDNESDAY, August 1.

SATURDAY, August 4.

THE SAVOY, Ltd.

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

THE NEW WEEKLY.

FIRST ISSUE

SATURDAY MORNING.

CAMPBORINE DISINFECTING FLUID.

FROM THE SANITARY DRY LINE COMPANY, LIVERPOOL.

A EUCALYPTUS PREPARATION. NON-POISONOUS AND NON-CORROSIVE.

A FRAGRANT AND MOST EFFECTIVE DISINFECTANT.

Awarded the Gold Medal and Highest Diploma, Antwerp Exhibition; and Silver Medal and Diploma, Liverpool Exhibition.

Invaluable for Flushing, Watering and Disinfecting Purposes, and Indispensable for Nurseries, Baths and Sick Rooms.

To be had from:—

Messrs. H. RUTTOJEE, J. BYRAM, JEE & Co., JEEJEEBHOY & Co., THE MUTUAL STORE, TY SING, SANG TAI, CHAN YUEN and also from the Undersigned.

In 1 Gallon Tins and Split Bottles.

AGENTS FOR HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA:—

RUMJAHN & CO., 2, FEEDEN STREET, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, August 1, 1906. 1543

DRINK THE ONLY GENUINE 'TANSAN' LIMITED.

WHICH BARE THE NAME OF J. CLIFFORD-WILKINSON.

REWARD OF SPIRIT IMITATIONS which are unpalatable and sometimes dangerous.

Per Case of 48 Bottles \$6.50

Per Dozen Bottles \$1.70

Per Case of 100 Bottles \$3.50

Per Dozen Bottles \$1.10

TANSAN GINGER ALE

Experts Testify That TANSAN IS THE MOST WHOLESOME AND PALATABLE GINGER ALE.

Per Case of 48 Bottles \$7.75

Per Dozen Bottles \$1.95

Per Case of 100 Bottles \$3.95

Per Dozen Bottles \$1.80

H. PRICE & CO., 12, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

POWELL'S ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

NEW GOODS

PRETTY MUSLIN BLOUSES.

Latest Shapes in KID BELTS.

DAINTY SUNSHADES.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Wm. POWELL, Ltd., ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.















